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NRO & USAF REVIEWS COMPLETED

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COMIREX MAPPING, CHARTING AND GEODESY WORKING GROUP

Minutes of Meeting Held in Room 5B2830 Pentagon 1330 - 1600, 19 February 1968

PRESIDING 25X1A CONSULTANTS PRESENT 25X1A

Purpose of Meeting

1. The purpose of the meeting was announced as a briefing meeting to acquaint members with new activities or particular applications involving special data, to review progress in current collection programs in meeting MC&G requirements, and to indicate progress of the NRO toward meeting the worldwide positioning requirement.

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	Progress of Current Collection Programs
5X1A	2. from AMS briefed on progress with the following highlights:
	a. Regarding KH-4 panoramic coverage, Mission 1102 provided 90% cloud-free coverage of approximately 2 million square miles gross and 300,000 square miles of new (net) coverage toward MC&G requirements; similarly, Mission 1045, completed 7 February, yielded coverage 90% cloud-free for 2,500,000 square miles gross and 200,000 square miles new (net) coverage. As of 15 February 1968, the net coverage of KH-4 panoramic photography 90% cloud-free totals 16 million square miles toward the present total requirement area of 24.1 million square miles, leaving a remainder of approximately 8 million square miles.
	b. With regard to coverage of 3-inch frame photography (primarily KH-4 coverage), there was presently on hand photography covering 11,420,000 square miles toward meeting the generally worldwide requirement for 3-inch frame photography.
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	index for the KH-4 3-inch frame camera, including regions grouped for coverage by fiscal year, had not been presented previously. However, the need for this coverage generally worldwide, because of its improvement over the 1½-inch frame camera for both mapping and geodetic applications, had previously been discussed and stated in documents reviewed in the Working Group.
	Use of Special Data by NAVOCEANO
5X1A	3. of NAVOCEANO presented a briefing for the information of the group including the following:
	a. Items incorporating TKH and SI data as follows:
	(1) Hydrographic Chart of Novaya Zemlya, which used data from the AMS 1:250,000 photo maps made from TKH data.

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(2) 1:50,000 Hydrographic Chart of Velekaya Kema, for which NAVOCEANO had set up models from satellite photography using the M-2 plotter to draw 50-meter topography.
b. Several products produced from KH-4 photography, including the 1:50,000 Hydrographic Chart of the Yalu River delta using KH-4 in the M-2 plotter, a 1:75,000 chart along the east coast of China which was based on an ACIC 1:250,000 MUM and a large-scale product at 1:12,500 also along the China east coast.
c. A total of approximately 55 charts have been produced by the Hydrographic Office utilizing TKH data at the scales of 1:12,500 to 1:250,000. In addition, a number of combat charts have been produced for which compilation covering the land area was obtained from AMS.
Plans for Use of TKH Data by US Geological Survey
of the Topographic Division of the US Geological Survey from the Department of the Interior, presented plans for developing a capability to utilize TKH data and described the USGS production plans with highlights as follows:
a. The USGS is working toward a l July opening date for a secure MC&G facility at Reston, Virginia, with 23,000 square feet of working space. The building is being adapted for M-4 plotters with respect to ceiling height and has features that will permit isolation of vibration and proper air handling. The USGS had received extensive assistance from the CIA with respect to security aspects of the new facility.
b. It is intended that 50 personnel will be ready to occupy the new facilities as of 1 July. Presently, the Department of the Interior has 100 billets total and 50 of these are set aside for the new operational facility at Reston. Personnel are being taken from present GS roles, and they are now looking for 35 new personnel for assignment to this facility. Key people to work in this facility have already been oriented or trained at AMS and ACIC. Present plans call for about 80 operational people in the new facility in the second year and in 5 years, 115 to 120 personnel.
c. All equipment needed for the Reston facility is either on hand or being purchased. The USGS does not plan to buy a Gamma rectifier, but has

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		-		KH-4 Data by USAF	tioning Applications of	Special Posi	
				ibed a 1970 project cations of the KH-4	of USAF, descr pecial positioning appli	involving spo	25X1A
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techniques in a cooperative effort between field and stateside capability. The F-111s planned for this capability are presently expected to have radar sensing equipment which will require accurate horizontal position and accurate relationship of features. Concept-wise, it is envisioned that geographic data base, probably an ortho-photo presentation with spot elevations having the geometric fidelity of Class A 1:50,000 scale maps would serve the purpose. This would be produced in the ZI and made available to the theater. Theater RECCE would then spot the target which could be transferred to the geographic data base for the strike operation. It was thought that this concept could provide for servicing strike capability with both position and a data base in a 15-30 day time period. When the geographic data base is available in the theater for the local area in concern, it would be used immediately.

b. As a current project identified as project identified as positions	
have been located by ACIC for targets in the North Viet Nam region, in order	
to enable the effective use of MSQ-78 or 81 radar for guidance. It was neces-	
sary for ACIC to produce a photogrammetric extension base from the several	
KH-4 flights over the area extending to the well-controlled areas of South	
Viet Nam and over the target areas in North Viet Nam which were not located	
correctly with respect to the radar site. PACAF had furnished 31 targets	
identified precisely on RECCE photos to ACIC. These had been transferred to	
KH-4 position base and accurate coordinates wired back to Viet Nam.	
indicated that this process had reduced inaccuracies of targets from	
around 635 feet to an evaluated accuracy of 165 feet CEP. This project was	
completed and the STRIKE Forces were using this data.	
	_
c. Project titled directly comparable to	
described above had been undertaken as of the first of February for criti-	
cal areas in North Korea. Only a limited amount of KH-4 photography existed.	
This project had originated with PACAF and the objective was to have a photo-	
grammetric position base established for North Viet Nam by 15 March. At that	
time ACIC should be in a position to provide accurate positions of 8 targets	
in 1 day or 50 targets in 3 or 4 days. ACIC had asked and received excellent	
cooperation from AMS in providing control and evaluations in Korea and AFNIN	
had expressed appreciation to Army, ACSI for this effort. With respect to	
this geographic area, it was known that major parts of North Korea were ac-	
curately located with respect to South Korean control, but it was necessary	
to produce the position base to be prepared for weak areas near the border	
and other areas that may be found.	
d. Project will undertake to complete target area cover-	_
age of North Viet Nam as started by described above. This was	
planned in the next 30-60 days.	
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	for the info	ormation of Work <u>ing Group me</u> mbers for the purpose of defining
25X1A	future MC&G	requirements. noted that the discussion of the
	previous Wo	rking Group meeting had concluded that he, as Chairman of the
25X1A	MCGWG, would	d d <u>iscuss with </u>
25X1A	COMIREX pape	er. indicated that his discussion with
25X1A	cited change	es that his office would like to see in format of the information
23/1/	to be presen	nted, possibly including graphics, and that he would discuss the
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